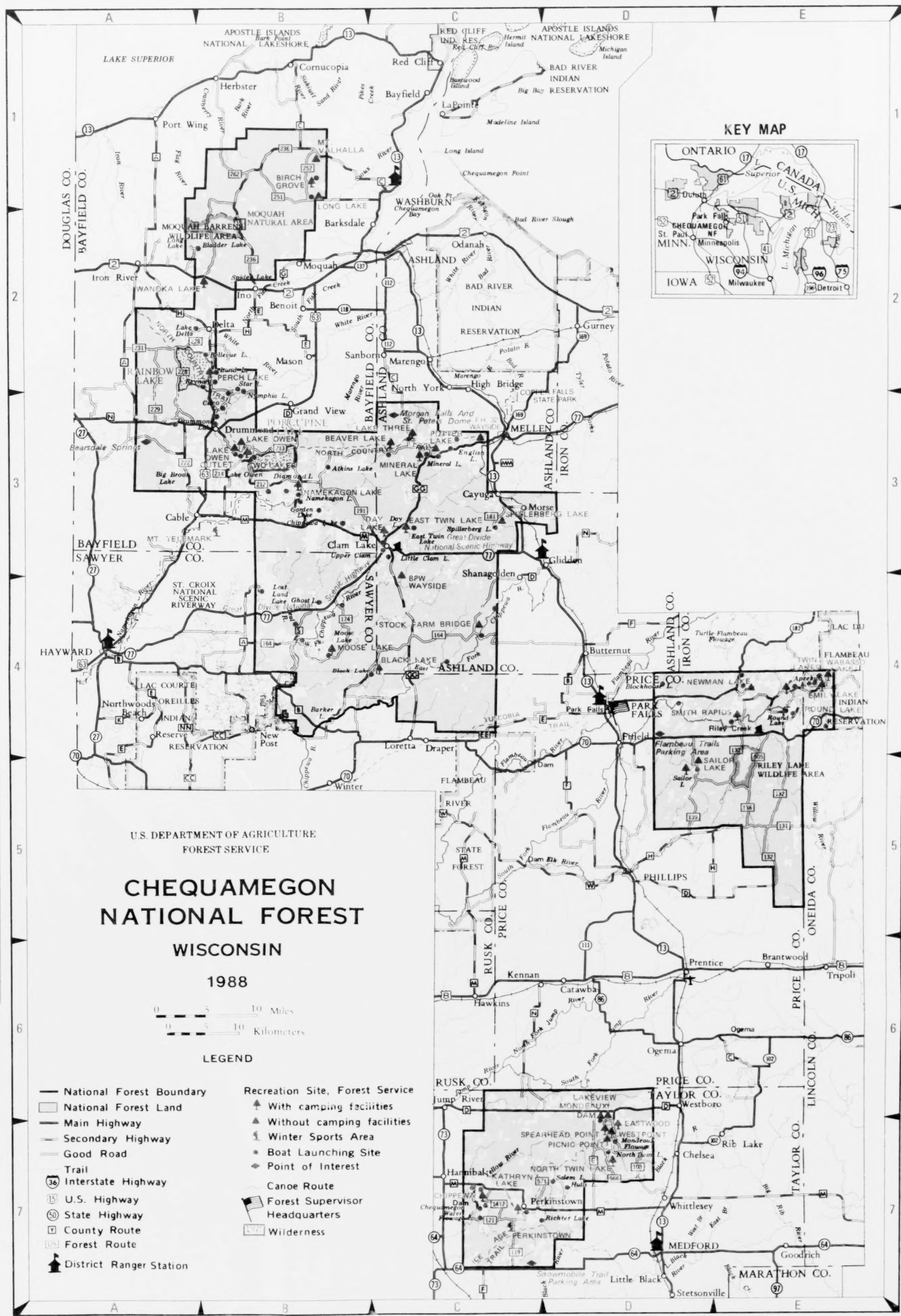


RECREATION SITES INDEX	MAP KEY	CAMP UNITS	PICNIC UNITS	BOAT ACCESS	SWIMMING	HANDICAPPED SITES	TRAILER DUMP STATION
BEAVER LAKE	C 3	10		•			
BIRCH GROVE	B 1	16		•			
BLACK LAKE	C 4	29	3	•	•	•	
BPW WAYSIDE	C 4		3				
CHIPPEWA	C 7	90		•		•	•
DAY LAKE	C 3	66	5	•	•	•	
EAST TWIN LAKE	C 3	12	4	•			
EASTWOOD	D 7	22					
EMILY LAKE	E 4	11	2	•	•		
F.H. 32 WAYSIDE	C 3		5				
KATHRYN LAKE	C 7	10	6	•	•		
LAKE OWEN	B 3		16		•		
LAKE OWEN OUTLET	B 3		4	•			
LAKE THREE	C 3	8		•			
LAKEVIEW	D 6		7	•			
LONG LAKE	B 1		29	•	•		
MINERAL LAKE	C 3	11		•			
MONDEAUX DAM	D 6		59		•		•
MOOSE LAKE	B 4	15		•	•		
MT. VALHALLA	B 1		5				
NAMEKAGON LAKE	B 3	34	12	•	•	•	
NEWMAN LAKE	E 4		36	•	•	•	
NORTH TWIN LAKE	D 7	6	4	•			
PERCH LAKE	B 2	16		•			
PICNIC POINT	D 7	3	8	•			
POTTER LAKE	C 3		2	•			
SAILOR LAKE	D 5	20	26	•	•		
SMITH RAPIDS	E 4	6	2	•			
SPEARHEAD POINT	D 7	27		•		•	
SPILLERBERG LAKE	C 3		3	•			
STOCK FARM BRIDGE	C 4		4	•			
TWIN LAKES	E 4	17		•	•	•	
TWO LAKES	B 3	91		•	•	•	
WABASSO LAKE	E 4	12	8	•	•		
WANOKA LAKE	B 2	20					
WEST POINT	D 7	15					





Caring for the Land and Serving People

C 42/12/989

CHEQUAMEGON National Forest



FOREST SERVICE
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
PARK FALLS, WISCONSIN 54552

A13.28:

CHEQUAMEGON NATIONAL FOREST

The Chequamegon (pronounced "Sho-wa-megon") National Forest is an area of public land larger than the state of Rhode Island that's available for your enjoyment. Its remote, forested setting and tradition of low visitor use offers a genuine opportunity to get away from the crowds.

CAMPING

The Chequamegon's campgrounds are distributed throughout the Forest. If you like spacious campsites nestled amongst the trees near a lake or stream, you'll enjoy camping in the Chequamegon.

Besides the opportunity to live in the forest for a short time, other opportunities are available in the Chequamegon's campgrounds. Most have boat ramps, many have developed swimming beaches, a few have playground equipment, and some are located near hiking or off-road vehicle trails.

A fee is charged for camping, and the amounts vary among the campgrounds. Part of the money that is collected for camping and other uses of the national forest, such as rights-of-way and timber sales, is returned each year to local governments.

All but one of the Forest's campgrounds are considered primitive. That is, water is available from hand pumps, and toilet facilities are outhouses. The one exception is the Chippewa campground in the Medford District. It has warm water showers, flush toilets, and a travel trailer dumping station. None of the campgrounds have electric, water, or sewer hook-ups.

Perhaps you like to rough it, and even primitive campgrounds are too modern for your tastes. You may still find what you're looking for in the Chequamegon. You can camp anywhere in the general forest area as long as you're at least 50 feet from lakes, streams, and trails.

TRAILS

Trails for hiking, skiing, snowmobiling, and riding off-road trail vehicles are available in the Chequamegon.

Among the Forest's many hiking trails, two are part of the National Scenic Trail System. They are the North Country Trail and the Ice Age Trail. The North Country National Scenic Trail stretches from eastern New York to central North Dakota, and a 60-mile section of it meanders through the Chequamegon between Mellen, Drummond, and Iron River. The Ice Age National Scenic Trail crosses Wisconsin from east to west, and a 40-mile section winds through the Chequamegon northwest of Medford. Many roads cross both trails, providing numerous access points and choices of hiking

distances. The two trails snake along ridge tops in the most hilly parts of the Forest, providing access to some of the Forest's best scenery.

When the forest floor is carpeted with snow, hiking gives way to cross-country skiing. Cross-country ski trail systems are located throughout the Forest. Each system offers several loops that vary in length and in the degree of skill required to ski them.

If you don't hike or ski, you may enjoy the Forest's off-road vehicle and snowmobile trails. Several looped systems provide opportunities to enjoy off-road trail vehicles, while hundreds of miles of snowmobile trails cross the Forest.

NON-MOTORIZED RECREATION

Two Congressionally designated wildernesses and twelve other areas, known as SPNM (semi-primitive, non-motorized) areas, provide opportunities for non-motorized recreation. Both of the wildernesses are in the Drummond-Cable area, and the SPNM areas are scattered throughout the Forest. SPNM areas differ from wildernesses in that motorized equipment can be used in SPNM areas for administrative purposes, such as to harvest timber and to maintain trails.

HUNTING AND FISHING

The Chequamegon offers some of Wisconsin's best hunting for black bear, ruffed grouse, and white-tailed deer. Game populations tend to vary from year to year, but in most years, more bears are harvested in and around the Chequamegon than in any other part of the state. Grouse populations are also high, though their abundance varies dramatically in a ten-year cycle. With regard to white-tailed deer, the Chequamegon is known more for its trophy sized animals than for large populations.

Ample opportunities for fishing are provided by the hundreds of lakes within the Forest. Muskellunge, northern pike, bass, walleye, pan fish, and trout are among the species available. Some of the state's best "musky" fishing is found in and near the Forest.

ADMINISTRATION

National forests, like the Chequamegon, are often confused with national parks, state parks, and state forests. National forests are managed for many uses. Those uses include wildlife habitat and timber production as well as recreational opportunities. Parks, both national and state, tend to be oriented more exclusively toward recreation and preservation. National forests are managed by the US Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. National parks are managed by the US Department of Interior, National Park Service. State parks and state for-



ests are managed by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

The Chequamegon National Forest is administered by a Supervisor's Office and five district offices. Questions of a general nature can be directed to the Supervisor's Office. Questions about a specific campground, trail, or area should be directed to the nearest district office. To contact the Supervisor's Office, call (715) 762-2461, or write to the following address: Forest Supervisor; USDA Forest Service; 1170 Fourth Avenue South; Park Falls, WI 54552. The addresses and phone numbers of the district offices are as follows:

Glidden Ranger District
P.O. Box 126
Glidden, WI 54527
(715) 264-2511

Hayward Ranger District
Route 10, Box 50
Hayward, WI 54843
(715) 634-4821

Medford Ranger District
850 North 8th, Hwy. 13
Medford, WI 54451
(715) 748-4875

Park Falls Ranger District
1170 Fourth Avenue South
Park Falls, WI 54552
(715) 762-2461

Washburn Ranger District
P.O. Box 578
Washburn, WI 54891
(715) 373-2667



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